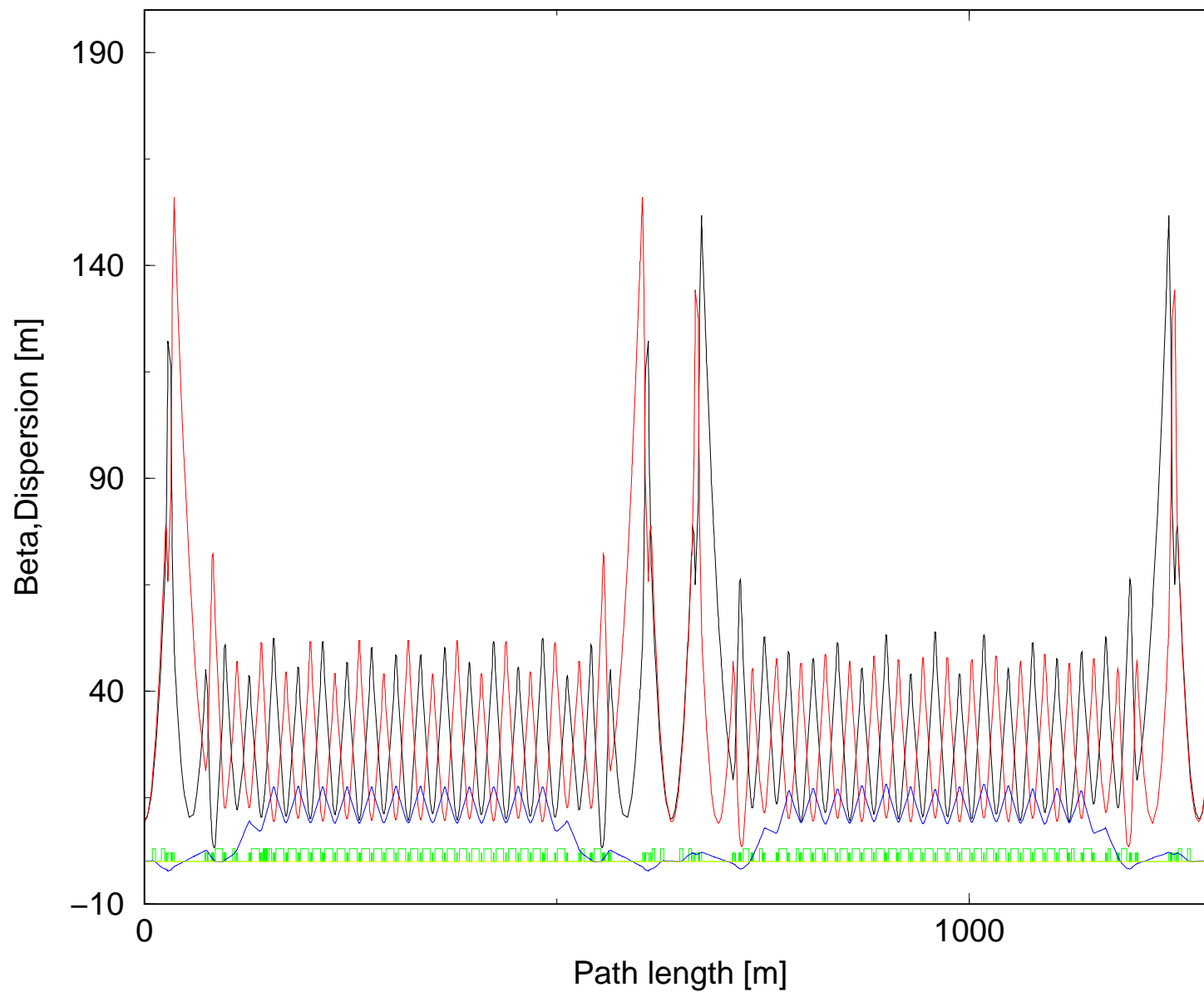


Lowering γ_t at proton injection in RHIC

- Goal: lower γ_t by ≈ 0.5 to enable injection at $G\gamma = 45.5$ instead of 46.5
- Four knobs: 2 “gamma-t” families near arc centers, 2 “gamma-tune” families near end of arcs
- Minimize β -beat, restore tunes to 28.73, 29.72

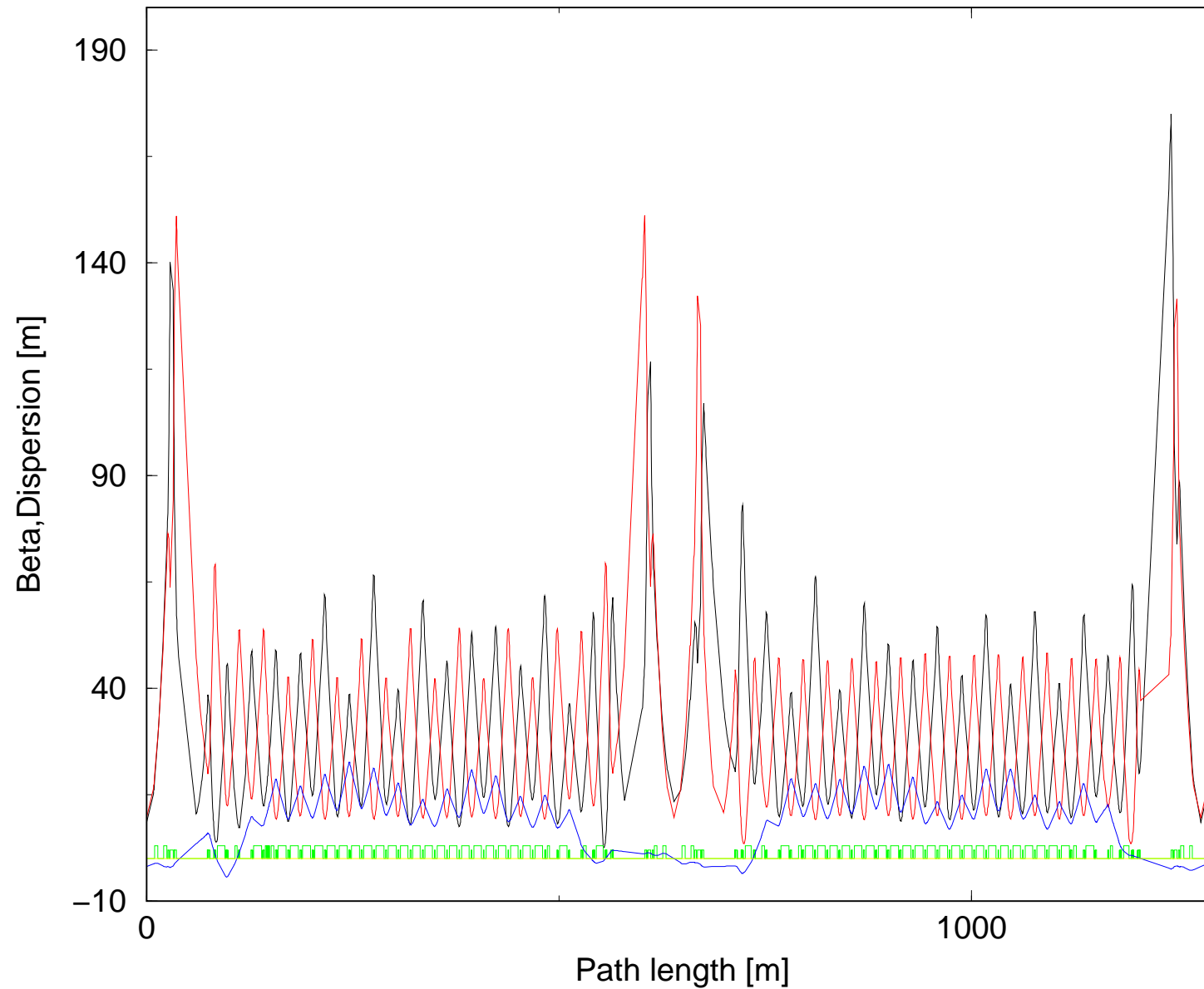
gamma-t quads at zero (baseline)

gamma-t = 23.3

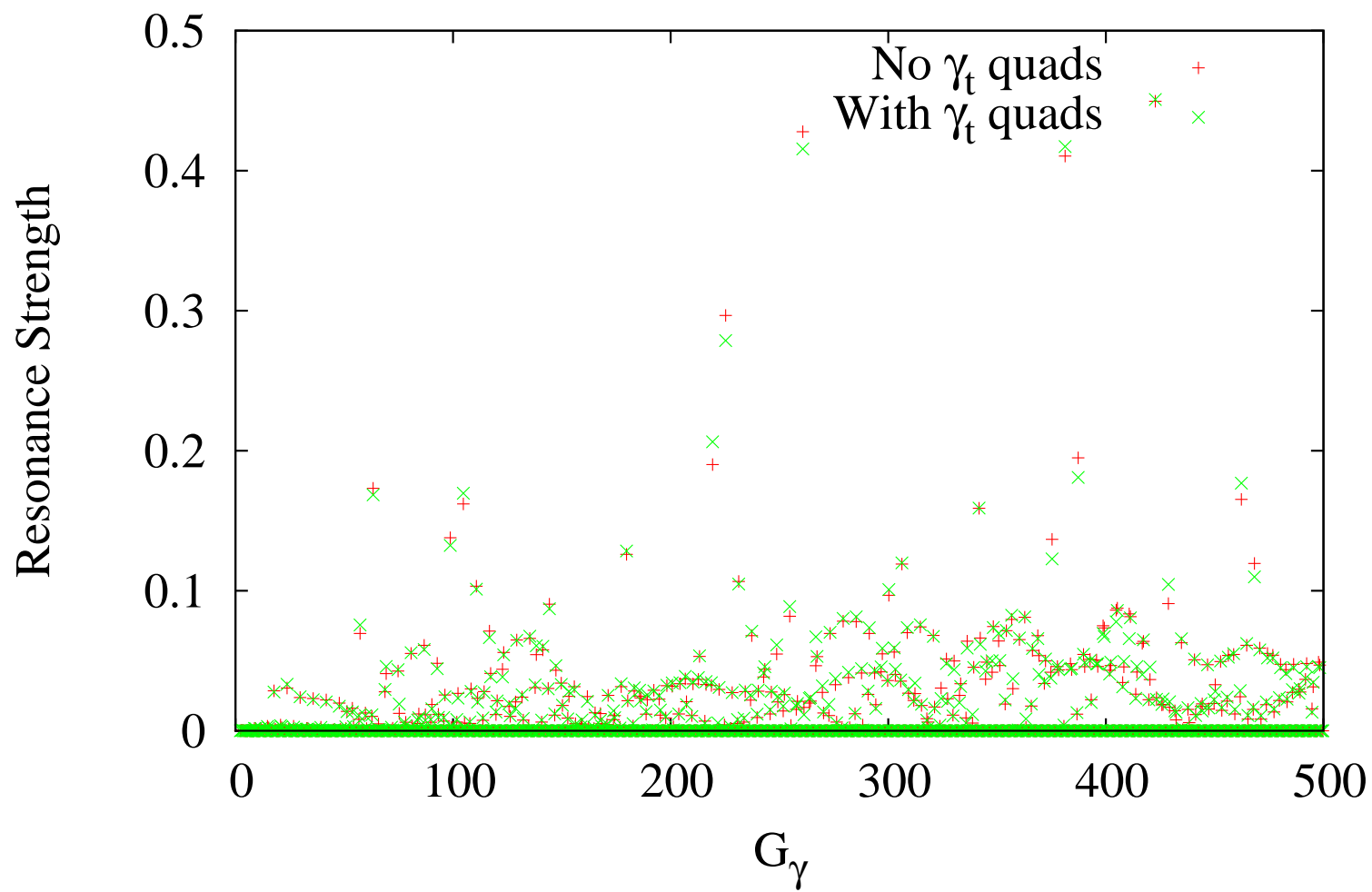


gamma-t quads ON, KGT=KGTI=-1.0, KQTO=2.0, KQTI=0.0

gamma_t = 22.9



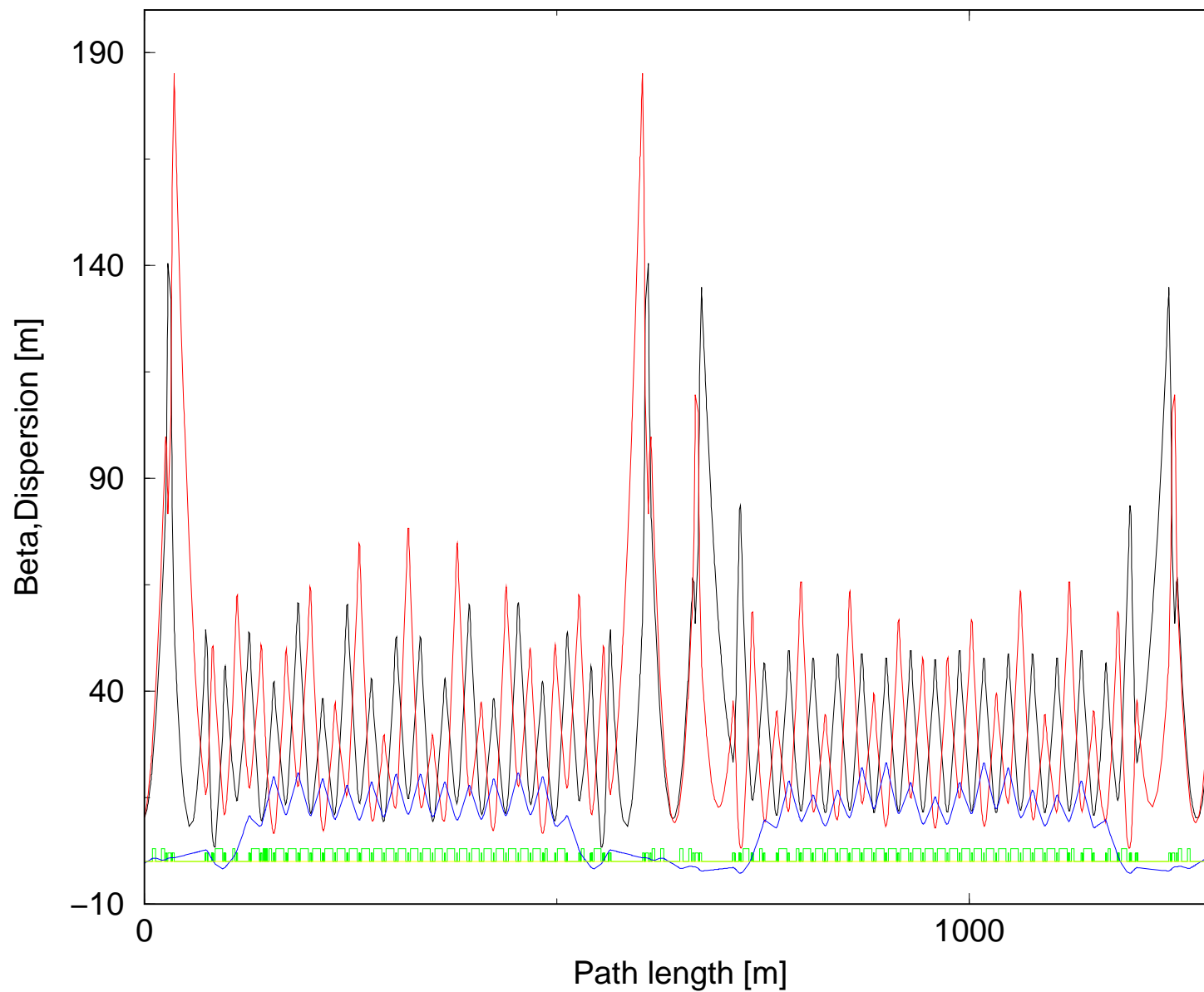
$$Q_h=28.73 \quad Q_v=29.72 \quad \varepsilon=10\pi \mu\text{m}$$



- Lowering γ_t by means of γ_t quads causes considerable β -beat
- Re-matching the lattice does not seem easy, since γ_t quads are not located symmetrically within arcs
- In a FODO lattice, $\gamma_t \propto Q_x$. What happens if we lower the tune(s) by one unit?

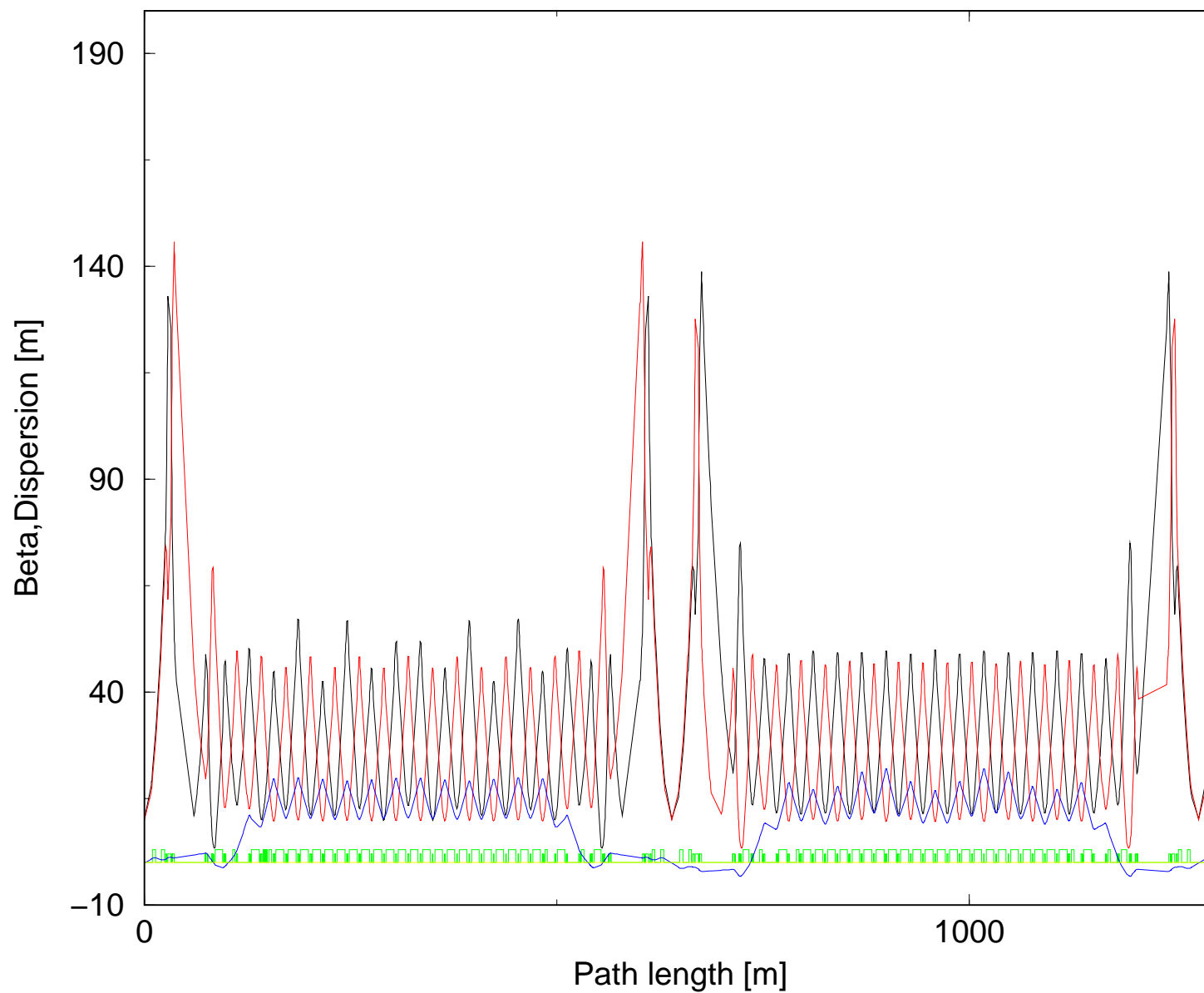
gamma-t quads at zero, tunes lowered by one unit

gamma_t = 22.1



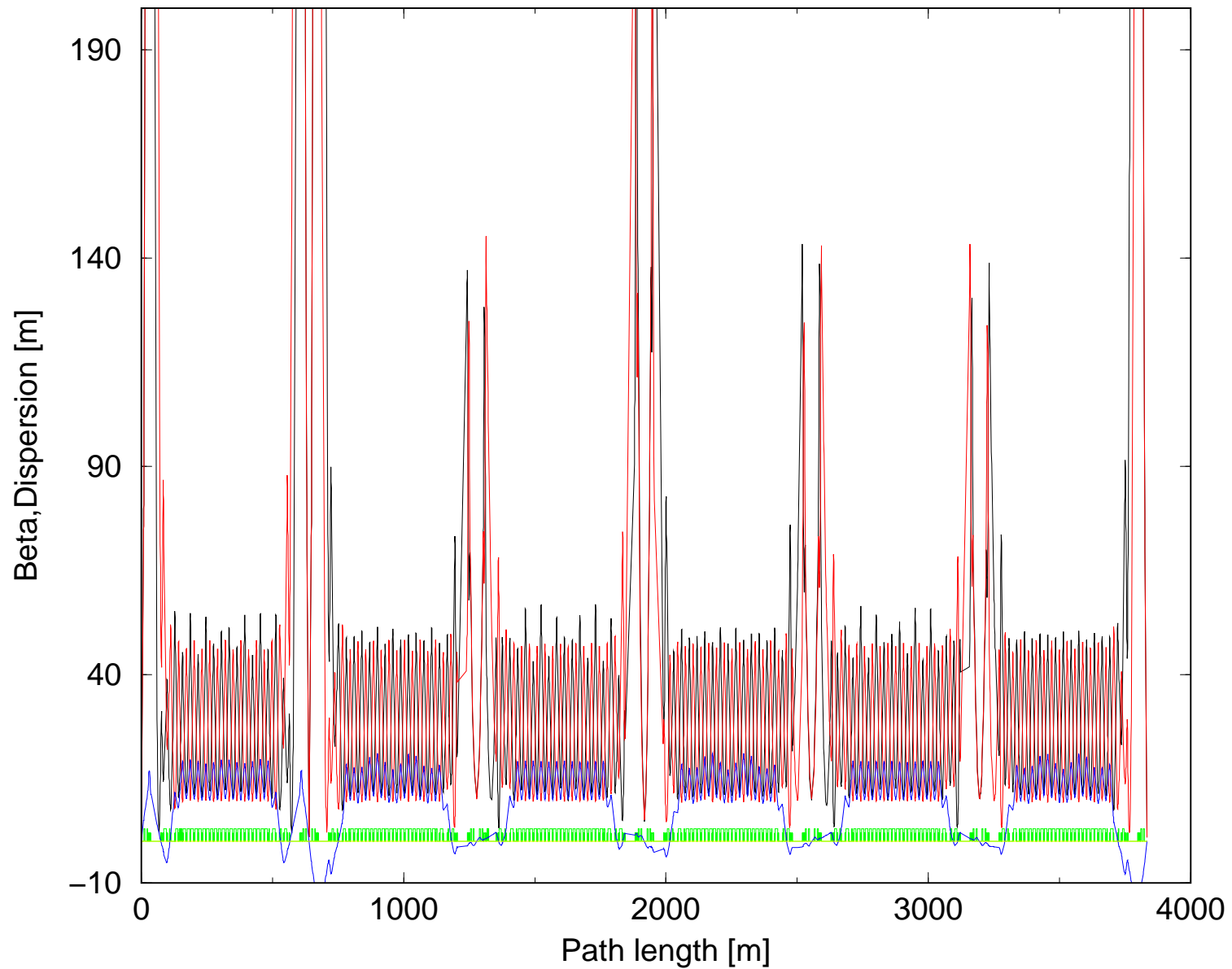
gamma-t quads at zero, only Qx lowered by one unit

gamma_t = 22.0

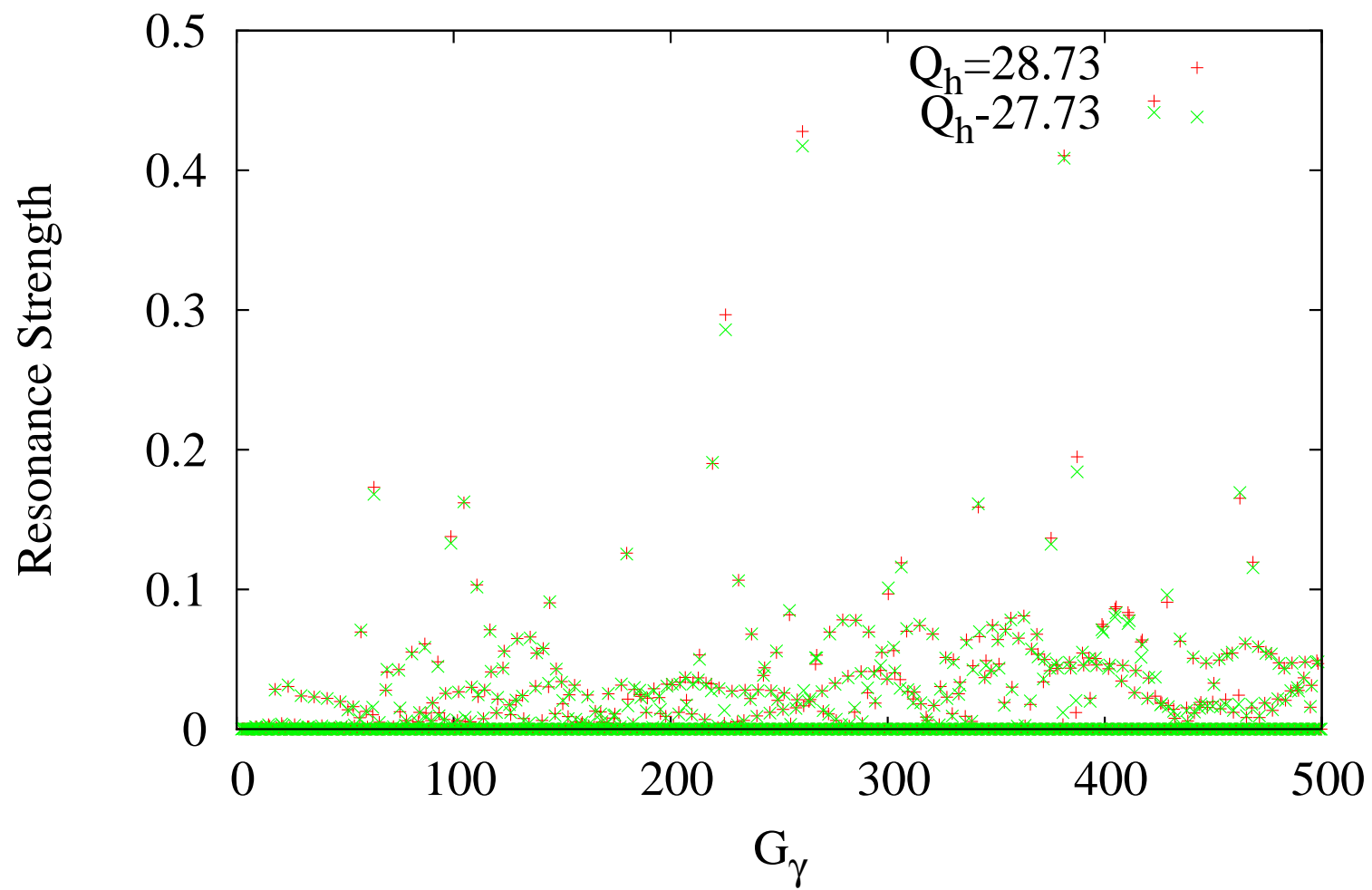


gamma-t quads at zero, Qx lowered by one unit

store optics



gt1.twiss: $Q_v-29.72$ $\varepsilon=10\pi$ μm



Conclusion

- The “solution” with γ_t quads at zero, and lowered horizontal tune ($Q_x = 27.73$, $Q_y = 29.72$) has very little β -beat and looks most promising.
- Some “clean-up” rematching may be required, especially at store
- Is there anything that prevents us from lowering the horizontal tune by one unit?